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forecast drop — Drop forecast variables

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Description

forecast drop drops variables previously created by forecast solve.

Quick start

Remove all variables created by forecast solve from the current dataset forecast drop

Remove only forecast variables starting with f_ forecast drop, prefix(f_)

Remove only forecast variables ending with _f forecast drop, suffix(_f)

Menu

Statistics > Time series > Forecasting

Syntax

```
forecast drop [, options]
```

| options | Description |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| * prefix(string) * suffix(string) | specify prefix for forecast variables specify suffix for forecast variables |

^{*} You can specify prefix() or suffix() but not both. collect is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

Options

prefix(string) and suffix(string) specify either a name prefix or a name suffix that will be used to
 identify forecast variables to be dropped. You may specify prefix() or suffix() but not both.
 By default, forecast drop removes all forecast variables produced by the previous invocation
 of forecast solve.

Suppose, however, that you previously specified the simulate() option with forecast solve and wish to remove variables containing simulation results but retain the variables containing the point forecasts. Then you can use the prefix() or suffix() option to identify the simulation variables you want dropped.

Remarks and examples

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For an overview of the forecast commands, see [TS] **forecast**. This manual entry assumes you have already read that manual entry. **forecast** drop safely removes variables previously created using **forecast** solve. Say you previously solved your model and created forecast variables that were suffixed with _f. Do not type

```
. drop *_f
```

to remove those variables from the dataset. Rather, type

. forecast drop

The former command is dangerous: Suppose you were given the dataset and asked to produce the forecast. The person who previously worked with the dataset created other variables that ended with _f. Using drop would remove those variables as well. forecast drop removes only those variables that were previously created by forecast solve based on the model in memory.

If you do not specify any options, forecast drop removes all the forecast variables created by the current model, including the variables that contain the point forecasts as well as any variables that contain simulation results specified by the simulate() option with forecast solve. Suppose you had typed

```
. forecast solve, prefix(s_) simulate(betas, statistic(stddev, prefix(sd_)))
```

Then if you type

. forecast drop, prefix(sd_)

forecast drop will remove the variables containing the standard deviations of the forecasts and will leave the variables containing the point forecasts (prefixed with s_) untouched.

forecast drop does not exit with an error if a variable it intends to drop does not exist in the dataset.

Stored results

Also see

```
[TS] forecast — Econometric model forecasting
```

[TS] **forecast solve** — Obtain static and dynamic forecasts

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