Title

continue — Break out of loops	

Description Syntax Option Remarks and examples Also see

Description

The continue command within a foreach, forvalues, or while loop breaks execution of the current loop iteration and skips the remaining commands within the loop. Execution resumes at the top of the loop unless the break option is specified, in which case execution resumes with the command following the looping command. See [P] foreach, [P] forvalues, and [P] while for a discussion of the looping commands.

Syntax

```
continue [, <u>br</u>eak]
```

Option

break indicates that the loop is to be exited. The default is to skip the remaining steps of the current iteration and to resume loop execution again at the top of the loop.

Remarks and examples

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We illustrate continue with the forvalues command, but it can be used in the same way with the foreach and while commands.

Example 1

The following forvalues loop lists the odd and even numbers from one to four:

```
. forvalues x = 1(1)4 \{
              if mod('x',2) {
  2.
                      display "'x' is odd"
  з.
  4.
              }
  5.
              else {
                      display "'x' is even"
  6.
              }
  7.
  8. }
1 is odd
2 is even
3 is odd
4 is even
```

It could be coded using the continue command instead of else:

```
. forvalues x = 1(1)4 {
  2.
             if mod('x',2) {
                      display "'x' is odd"
  з.
  4.
                      continue
  5.
             }
             display "'x' is even"
  6.
  7.}
1 is odd
2 is even
3 is odd
4 is even
```

When continue is executed, any remaining statements that exist in the loop are ignored. Execution continues at the top of the loop where, here, forvalues sets the next value of 'x', compares that with 4, and then perhaps begins the loop again.

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Example 2

continue, break causes execution of the loop to stop; it prematurely exits the loop.

Although the forvalues loop was scheduled to go over the values 6-1,000, the continue, break statement forced it to stop after 30.

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Also see

- [P] **foreach** Loop over items
- [P] forvalues Loop over consecutive values
- [P] while Looping
- [P] exit Exit from a program or do-file
- [P] **if** if programming command
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