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linepatternstyle — Choices for whether lines are solid, dashed, etc.

Description Syntax Remarks and examples Also see

## **Description**

A line's look is determined by its pattern, thickness, alignment, and color; see [G-4] **Concept: lines**. *linepatternstyle* specifies the pattern.

linepatternstyle is specified via options named

```
\langle object \rangle \langle 1 \text{ or li or line} \rangle \text{pattern()} or, just \langle 1 \text{ or li or line} \rangle \text{pattern()}
```

For instance, for connecting lines (the lines used to connect points in a plot) used by graph twoway function, the option is named lpattern():

```
. twoway function ..., lpattern(linepatternstyle) ...
```

Sometimes you will see that a linepatternstylelist is allowed:

```
. twoway line ..., lpattern(linepatternstylelist) ...
```

A *linepatternstylelist* is a sequence of *linepatterns* separated by spaces. Shorthands are allowed to make specifying the list easier; see [G-4] *stylelists*.

## **Syntax**

#

linepatternstyle	Description
solid	solid line
dash	dashed line
dot	dotted line
dash_dot	
shortdash	
shortdash_dot	
longdash	
$longdash\_dot$	
blank	invisible line
"formula"	e.g., "" or "" etc.
A formula is composed of	of any combination of
1	solid line
_	(underscore) a long dash
-	(hyphen) a medium dash

short dash (almost a dot)

small amount of blank space

For a palette displaying each of the above named line styles, type

```
palette linepalette [, scheme(schemename)]
```

Other linepatternstyles may be available; type

. graph query linepatternstyle

to obtain the complete list of linepatternstyles installed on your computer.

## Remarks and examples

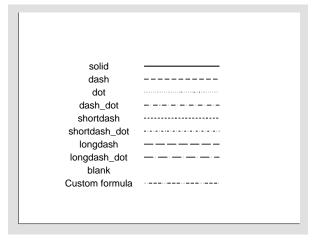
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Although you may choose a prerecorded pattern (for example, solid or dash), you can build any pattern you wish by specifying a line-pattern formula. For example,

Formula	Description
"1"	solid line, same as solid
"_"	a long dash
""	a long dash followed by a short dash
""	a long dash followed by two short dashes
"#"	a long dash, two short dashes, a long dash, and a bit of space
etc.	

When you specify a formula, you must enclose it in double quotes.

The graph below displays the different line choices:



## Also see

- [G-4] **Concept: lines** Using lines
- [G-4] colorstyle Choices for color
- [G-4] connectstyle Choices for how points are connected
- [G-4] linealignmentstyle Choices for whether outlines are inside, outside, or centered
- [G-4] *linestyle* Choices for overall look of lines
- [G-4] *linewidthstyle* Choices for thickness of lines

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