Intro 4g — Correlated state variables

Description Remarks and examples Also see

# Description

Many models include correlated state variables. We illustrate how to specify correlated state variables in a model of output growth  $y_t$  and inflation  $p_t$ .

### **Remarks and examples**

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Remarks are presented under the following headings:

The model Parameter estimation

### The model

We model output growth  $y_t$  and inflation  $p_t$  as functions of domestic and international factors. The domestic factor  $g_t$  that drives output growth is a first-order autoregressive process that is also affected by the international factor  $z_t$ . The international factor that drives inflation is a simple first-order autoregressive process.

Mathematically, the model is

$$y_t = E_t y_{t+1} + \alpha p_t + g_t \tag{1}$$

$$p_t = z_t \tag{2}$$

$$g_{t+1} = \rho_g g_t + \rho_{gz} z_t + \xi_{t+1} \tag{3}$$

$$z_{t+1} = \rho_z z_t + \epsilon_{t+1} \tag{4}$$

Equation (1) specifies that output growth depends on expected future output growth  $E_t y_{t+1}$ , inflation  $p_t$ , and the domestic factor  $g_t$ . This equation has the form of an aggregate demand curve, and the parameter  $\alpha$  is referred to as the slope of the aggregate demand curve. It should be negative. Equation (2) specifies that inflation is entirely driven by the international factor  $z_t$ . Equations (3) and (4) specify that the factors  $g_t$  and  $z_t$  follow a first-order vector autoregressive process with parameters  $\rho_g$ ,  $\rho_{gz}$ , and  $\rho_z$  and with shocks  $\xi_{t+1}$  and  $\epsilon_{t+1}$ . The factors  $z_t$  and  $g_t$  are the state variables, and  $p_t$  are the observed control variables.

#### Parameter estimation

From the U.S. macroeconomic data, we use the GDP-growth data in y and the inflation data in p and estimate the parameters of this model.

```
. dsge (y = F.y + \{alpha\}*p + g\}
>
       (p = z)
>
       (F.g = {rho_g}*g + {rho_gz}*z, state)
>
       (F.z = {rho_z}*z, state)
(setting technique to bfgs)
Iteration 0: Log likelihood = -2106.7245
Iteration 1: Log likelihood = -1563.7386
                                            (backed up)
                                            (backed up)
Iteration 2: Log likelihood = -1363.6417
Iteration 3: Log likelihood = -1289.3079
                                            (backed up)
Iteration 4: Log likelihood = -1274.5732
                                            (backed up)
(switching technique to nr)
Iteration 5: Log likelihood = -1175.4471
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 6: Log likelihood = -1121.4993
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 7: Log likelihood = -1111.7243
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 8: Log likelihood = -1104.6131
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 9: Log likelihood = -1098.6694
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 10: Log likelihood = -1084.9168
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 11: Log likelihood = -1074.0252
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 12: Log likelihood =
                                -1067.33
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 13: Log likelihood = -1061.7529
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 14: Log likelihood = -1061.0535
Iteration 15: Log likelihood = -1055.5719
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 16: Log likelihood = -1035.9769
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 17: Log likelihood = -1032.6914
Iteration 18: Log likelihood = -1025.4879
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 19: Log likelihood = -1022.4293
Iteration 20: Log likelihood = -1019.3986
                                            (not concave)
Iteration 21: Log likelihood = -1018.1331
Iteration 22: Log likelihood = -1017.7495
Iteration 23: Log likelihood = -1017.3913
Iteration 24: Log likelihood = -1017.1958
Iteration 25: Log likelihood = -1017.1594
Iteration 26: Log likelihood = -1017.1592
Iteration 27: Log likelihood = -1017.1592
DSGE model
                                                            Number of obs = 244
Sample: 1955q1 thru 2015q4
Log likelihood = -1017.1592
               Coefficient Std. err.
                                            z
                                                 P>|z|
                                                           [95% conf. interval]
/structural
                -.1130024
                            .1554398
                                         -0.73
                                                 0.467
                                                          -.4176589
                                                                        .1916541
       alpha
                 .3357768
                            .0610763
                                          5.50
                                                 0.000
                                                           .2160694
                                                                        .4554842
       rho_g
      rho_gz
                 .0443504
                               .09013
                                          0.49
                                                 0.623
                                                          -.1323012
                                                                         .221002
                                         27.04
       rho_z
                 .8626564
                             .0319007
                                                 0.000
                                                           .8001322
                                                                        .9251806
      sd(e.g)
                 2.184806
                             .2241106
                                                           1.745557
                                                                       2.624054
                 1.146947
                                                                       1.248715
      sd(e.z)
                             .0519234
                                                           1.045179
```

The slope of the aggregate demand curve,  $\alpha$ , is estimated to be negative as we expected, but the confidence interval is wide and includes zero. The imprecision in **rho\_gz** has caused imprecision in the estimate of  $\alpha$ .

## Also see

- [DSGE] Intro 2 Learning the syntax
- [DSGE] Intro 4 Writing a DSGE in a solvable form

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