Title

bayes: zioprobit — Bayesian zero-inflated ordered probit regression

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Description

bayes: zioprobit fits a Bayesian zero-inflated ordered probit regression to an ordinal outcome with a high fraction of zeros; see [BAYES] bayes and [R] zioprobit for details.

Quick start

- Bayesian zero-inflated ordered probit regression of y on x1 and x2, using z to model excess zeros and using default normal priors for regression coefficients and flat priors for cutpoints bayes: zioprobit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
- Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors bayes, normalprior(10): zioprobit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
- Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept of the main regression bayes, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) /// prior({y:_cons}, normal(0,10)): zioprobit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
- Save simulation results to simdata.dta, and use a random-number seed for reproducibility
 bayes, saving(simdata) rseed(123): ///
 zioprobit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
- Specify 20,000 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations bayes, mcmcsize(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500): /// zioprobit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
- In the above, request that the 90% highest posterior density (HPD) credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval bayes, clevel(90) hpd

Also see Quick start in [BAYES] bayes and Quick start in [R] zioprobit.

Menu

Statistics > Ordinal outcomes > Bayesian regression > Zero-inflated ordered probit regression

Syntax

bayes [, bayesopts]: zioprobit	depvar	indepvars	[<i>if</i>]	[<i>in</i>]	weight	,
<u>inf</u> late(<i>varlist</i> [,	<u>nocons</u> tant	<u>off</u> set(varname)]	_cons	s) [<i>op</i>	tions]	

options	Description		
Model			
* <u>inf</u> late()	inflation equation that determines excess zero values		
<u>off</u> set(<i>varname</i>)	include varname in model with coefficient constrained to 1		
Reporting			
display_options	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells		
<u>l</u> evel(#)	set credible level; default is level(95)		
* <u>inf</u> late(<i>varlist</i> [, <u>nocons</u> t	ant <u>off</u> set(varname)] _cons) is required.		
indepvars and varlist may con	tain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.		
fweights are allowed; see [U] 11.1.6 weight.			

bayes: zioprobit, level() is equivalent to bayes, clevel(): zioprobit.
For a detailed description of options, see Options in [R] zioprobit.

bayesopts	Description		
Priors			
* <u>normalpr</u> ior(#)	specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression coefficients; default is normalprior(100)		
<pre>prior(priorspec)</pre>	prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated		
dryrun	show model summary without estimation		
Simulation			
nchains(#)	number of chains; default is to simulate one chain		
<pre>mcmcsize(#)</pre>	MCMC sample size; default is mcmcsize(10000)		
<u>burn</u> in(#)	burn-in period; default is burnin(2500)		
<u>thin</u> ning(#)	thinning interval; default is thinning(1)		
rseed(#)	random-number seed		
<pre><u>excl</u>ude(paramref)</pre>	specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results		
Blocking			
*blocksize(#)	maximum block size; default is blocksize(50)		
block(paramref[, blockopts])	specify a block of model parameters; this option may be repeated		
blocksummary	display block summary		
* <u>noblock</u> ing	do not block parameters by default		

Initialization	
<u>init</u> ial(<i>initspec</i>)	specify initial values for model parameters with a single chain
<pre>init#(initspec)</pre>	specify initial values for #th chain; requires nchains()
initall(<i>initspec</i>)	specify initial values for all chains; requires nchains()
nomleinitial	suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values
<u>initrand</u> om	specify random initial values
<u>initsumm</u> ary	display initial values used for simulation
* <u>noi</u> sily	display output from the estimation command during initialization
Adaptation	
adaptation(<i>adaptopts</i>)	control the adaptive MCMC procedure
<u>sc</u> ale(#)	initial multiplier for scale factor; default is scale(2.38)
<pre>covariance(cov)</pre>	initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix
Reporting	
<u>clev</u> el(#)	set credible interval level; default is clevel(95)
hpd	display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed credible intervals
<u>ef</u> orm (<i>string</i>)	report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as string
batch(#)	specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is batch(0)
<pre>saving(filename[, replace])</pre>	save simulation results to <i>filename</i> .dta
nomodelsummary	suppress model summary
chainsdetail	display detailed simulation summary for each chain
[no]dots	suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is nodots
dots(# $[, every(#)]$)	display dots as simulation is performed
[no]show(paramref)	specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output
<u>notab</u> le	suppress estimation table
<u>nohead</u> er	suppress output header
<pre>title(string)</pre>	display string as title above the table of parameter estimates
display_options	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells
Advanced	
<pre>search(search_options)</pre>	control the search for feasible initial values
corrlag(#)	specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies
corrtol(#)	specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is corrtol(0.01)

*Starred options are specific to the bayes prefix; other options are common between bayes and bayesmh. Options prior() and block() may be repeated.

priorspec and paramref are defined in [BAYES] bayesmh.

paramref may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

collect is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

See [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients {depvar:indepvars} for the main regression and {inflate:varlist} for the inflation equation and cutpoints {cut1}, {cut2}, and so on. Use the dryrun option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

Flat priors, flat, are used by default for cutpoints.

For a detailed description of bayesopts, see Options in [BAYES] bayes.

Remarks and examples

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For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [BAYES] **Intro**. For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using an adaptive Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, see [BAYES] **bayesmh**. For remarks and examples specific to the bayes prefix, see [BAYES] **bayes**. For details about the estimation command, see [R] **zioprobit**.

For a simple example of the bayes prefix, see *Introductory example* in [BAYES] bayes. Also see *Zero-inflated negative binomial models* in [BAYES] bayes.

Stored results

See Stored results in [BAYES] bayes.

Methods and formulas

See Methods and formulas in [BAYES] bayesmh.

Also see

[BAYES] **bayes** — Bayesian regression models using the bayes prefix⁺

[R] **zioprobit** — Zero-inflated ordered probit regression

[BAYES] Bayesian postestimation — Postestimation tools for bayesmh and the bayes prefix

[BAYES] Bayesian estimation — Bayesian estimation commands

[BAYES] Bayesian commands — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] Intro — Introduction to Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] Glossary

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